INFORMATIC PRACTICES 2012

Time: 3	Hours]	C I	ass : 12th	[M. M.: 75
Instruction	ons-			
	(i)	All questions are	compulsory.	
	(ii)	Marks allotted to	each question are	given against it.
	(iii)	Internal choices	are given in Quest	ion Nos. 5 to 15 each.
Q. 1.	Choos	e the correct altern	ative and write in	your answer book- 5
	(A)	Database schema is the output of the following-		
		(i) Analysis	(ii) De	sign
		(iii) Coding	(iv) T	esting
	(B)	Graphical data co	ntrol is-	
		(i) ADODC	(ii) AD	ODB
		(iii) DAO	(iv) D	SN .
	(C.)	Which cursor gives all types of facilities?		
		(i) Keyset	(ii) Sta	tic
-		(iii) Dynamic	(iv) Fo	orward only
	(D)	Maximum limit of object name is-		
		(i) 30 Bytes	(ii) 40	Bytes
		(iii) 50 Bytes	(iv) 20	Bytes
	(E)	TCP protocol belongs to which layer?		
		(i) Network	(ii) Ph	ysical
	• · ·	(iii) Transport	(iv) A	oplication
Q. 2.	Fill in	the blanks-	•	5
	(i)	Serial number is u	sed inma	nagement system.

http://www.mpboardonline.com

	(ii)file is needed for ADODC.				
	(iii) A JPEG file can be added in report bycontrol.				
	(iv) WHEN clause is used withcommand.				
	(v) The PL/SQL block which does not need any name, is				
	called				
Q.3.	State True/False- 5				
	(i) INGRESS is a back end tool.				
	(ii) Headers are optional in report.				
	(iii) Data grid can be linked with embedded objects.				
	(iv) PL/SQL executes a blok of statements.				
	(v) IP packets are also called as IP Datagram.				
Q.4.	Match the column (A) with column (B) by choosing correct				
-	answers from column (B)-				
· .	'A'				
	(i) Power builder (a) To-DATE				
	(ii) LONG (b) COUNT				
	(iii) CURRENCY (c) 8BYTES				
	(iv) CHARACTER FUNCTION (d) 4BYTES				
	(v) Conversion function (e) ASCII				
	(f) Front End				
Q. 5.	What is module? Write the types of module in VB. Write the extension. of each.				
(Or)	What is SDI? Discuss its drawbacks.				
Q. 6.	Write a program in VB to print out the factorial of number from 0 to 5.				
Q. O.	4				
(Or)	Describe Physical Media and Database error likely to encounter in				
(01)	any VB program.				
Q. 7.	Explain DOUNTIL loop of VB with the help of an example.				
	4				
(Or)	Explain IFTHEN statements of VB with the help of an example.				
Q. 8.	Write the syntax to create TABLE in SQL. Give example also.				
(Or)					

http://www.mpboardonline.com

 Q. 9. Explain RDBMS. Discuss the limitations of RDBMS. (Or) Explain entity, entity set and attribute. Q. 10. What is subroutine in VB? Write the advantages of creating subroutines. (Or) Write the use of LEN(), LCASE(), LEFT(), STR(), MID() functions of VB. Q. 11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. (Or) What is stored procedure? Write the syntax to create stored procedure. 						
 Q. 10. What is subroutine in VB? Write the advantages of creating subroutines. (Or) Write the use of LEN(), LCASE(), LEFT(), STR(), MID() functions of VB. Q. 11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 	Q.9.	Explain RDBMS. Discuss the limitations of RDBMS. 5				
subroutines. (Or) Write the use of LEN(), LCASE(), LEFT(), STR(), MID() functions of VB. Q.11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q.12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q.13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q.14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q.15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each.	(Or)	Explain entity, entity set and attribute.				
(Or) Write the use of LEN(), LCASE(), LEFT(), STR(), MID() functions of VB. Q. 11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. 5 (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. 6 (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6	Q. 10.	What is subroutine in VB? Write the advantages of creat				
functions of VB. Q. 11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. 5 (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. 6 (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6		subroutines. 5				
 Q. 11. Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6 	(Or)					
 (Or) Write about connection object and its properties. Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6 		functions of VB.				
 Q. 12. Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC) in short. (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6 	Q. 11.	Explain DBCOMBO and DBLIST. 5				
short. 6 (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6	(Or)	Write about connection object and its properties.				
 (Or) Explain data dictionary and data mining. Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6 	Q. 12.	Explain all the steps of database development life cycle (DDLC)				
 Q. 13. What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 		short. 6				
 (Or) Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL. Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 6 	(Or)	Explain data dictionary and data mining.				
 Q. 14. Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6 (Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each. 	Q. 13.	What is database transaction in PL/SQL? Write its properties. 6				
(Or) Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example. Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each.	(Or)	Explain variable handling and declaration processes in PL/SQL.				
Q. 15. Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example of each.	Q. 14.	Write the use of comparison and logical operators of PL/SQL. 6				
of each.	(Or)	Write FOR LOOP of PL/SQL with an example.				
·	Q. 15.	Explain cursor? How many types of cursor are there? Write an example				
(Or) What is stored procedure? Write the syntax to create stored procedure.		of each.				
	(Or)	What is stored procedure? Write the syntax to create stored procedure.				

http://www.mpboardonline.com

http://www.mpboardonline.com Whatsapp @ 9300930012 Your old paper & get 10/-पुराने पेपर्स भेजे और 10 रुपये पार्ये, Paytm or Google Pay से