

Class – IX

Sub- Social Science

Note- All Questions are compulsory

1 choose the correct option

(1) Unit of the measuring noise is-

(a) Centimeter (b) Decibel

(c) Celsius (d) Millibar

(2) Chipko movement was started in-

(a) Karnataka (b) Uttarakhand

(c) Eastern India (d) Kerala

(3) Sundari trees are found in-

(a) Tropical (b) Himalayan forest

(c) Mangrove forest (d) Tropical deciduous forest

(4) Which state has the highest percentage of literacy?

(a) Uttar Pradesh (b) Kerala

(c) Goa (d) Delhi

(5) Mahmood Ghazani was the ruler of

(a) Multan (b) Ghazani

(c) Bahmani (d) Iraq

6. Who was the originator of quwali?

(a) Akbar (b) Shahjahan

(c) Tansen (d) Amir khusro

7. Democracy is the rule of the people, by the people and for the people-

(a) Machiavelli (b) Lincoln

(c) Rousseau (d) Hautes

8. Who does not have right to vote?

- (a) Insane or mentally handicapped
- (b) Minor age
- (c) Declared bankrupt by court
- (d) All the above

9. Which fundamental right has been eliminated from the list of fundamental rights through 44th amendment act?

- (a) Right to property
- (b) Right to freedom
- (c) Right to equality
- (d) Cultural and educational right

10. When was the land reform introduced in India?

- (a) After independence
- (b) Before the arrival of the britishers
- (c) In the Vedic period
- (d) None of above

Q.2 Fill in the blanks

- (I) The poorest district of Madhya Pradesh is-----
- (II) An-----is a system by which people earn their living.
- (III) Article-----of the constitution guarantees to each citizen equality and protection before the law
- (IV) -----commission has been formed for the registration and recognition of political parties.
- (V) When few parties together form a government that is called-----government.
- (VI) Aristotle has called democracy as the-----
- (VII) The ancient chola rulers have been described in the-----
- (VIII) Mahmood Ghaznavi made-----successful attacks on india.

(IX) Bastar is famous for-----mines.

(X) -----% of earth is landmass and-----% is covered with water.

Q.3 Match the following

A	B
(I) scholar udaidev	(a) Temple of khajuraho
(II) Chandel ruler	(b) Mt. Abu
(III) Dilwara temple	(c) Mohanjodaro and Harappa
(IV) Indus valley	(d) Jainendra vyakaran
(V) Mahendra varman	(e) Gupta period
(VI) Udaigiri coves	(f) Matvilas prahsan

Q.4 True of False

- (1) Villages got completely independent after the arrival of British ()
- (2) Contribution of agriculture in the national income is increasing after independence ()
- (3) Punjab is the poorest state of India ()
- (4) Rapid growth of population increase the poverty ()
- (5) The name of shivaji's mother was jijabai ()

Q.5 Very short type questions (any ten)

- (1) Who started the religion 'Din-e-llahi?
- (2) Who was Guru Gobind singh?
- (3) Who built the Taj Mahal?
- (4) Which Bhakti worship was followed by Tulsidas, Surdas, Meerabai and Raskhan?
- (5) What is election?
- (6) What is a coalition government?
- (7) What is meant by equality before law?
- (8) Who has the right to information?

- (9) Explain the term economy.
- (10) What is global warming?
- (11) Name 5 polluted rivers in India.
- (12) What do you understand by environmental impact assessment?
- (13) What do you mean by environment?

Q.6 Short type question (Any - 5)

- (I) Explain the problem of ozone depletion.
- (II) What do you understand by population explosion?
- (III) What is the chipko movement? What are its basic element?
- (IV) What do you understand by national population commission?
- (V) Write the contribution of prithivaraj Chauhan.
- (VI) Write the feature of the Gupta period painting.

Q.7 Long type questions (Any - 5)

- (1) Describe the functions of the election commission.
- (2) Describe the merits and demerits of democracy.
- (3) What are the characteristics of ideal village explain.
- (4) Describe the state of large scale industries of India.
- (5) Define pollution Describe various types of pollution.
- (6) Write a note on the silent valley.
- (7) Write the cause of for the decline of the mug has Empire.